

PANORAMA

Thematic portfolio



African swine fever: responding to the global threat



PERSPECTIVES

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As long as no effective vaccine or treatment against African swine fever (ASF) is available, prevention remains essential to limit its spread.

Limiting the spread of ASF through efficient communication

Veterinary Services around the world are working exhaustively to prevent and control ASF. However, as the disease is transmitted mainly by human carelessness, transdisciplinary and intersectoral collaboration is needed. It is important that all those who might be involved in the direct and indirect transmission of ASF are made aware and acknowledge the importance of their actions, and understand how they can contribute to stopping the spread of this deadly pig disease. In this scenario, efficient risk communication becomes an essential component of the disease response.

Yet communication challenges exist. Given that ASF does not pose a direct threat to human health, risk perception among some of the key actors continues to be low. Communication efforts must highlight the impact of the disease on animal health and welfare, as well as throughout different levels of society, such as farmer livelihoods, food security, countries' economies and international trade.

The impact of ASF goes far beyond the pig sector, since pig farming is intertwined with the global economy. ASF can leave entire families without jobs and threatens the world's supply of pork and other pig products, such as heparin, an anticoagulant for humans with active ingredients derived from pig intestines. Thus, efficient communication is crucial to raise awareness and prompt action to reduce the risk of ASF spread and its impact.

Encouraging a change in risky behaviours

The ASF situation worldwide offers an opportunity to make positive changes and improve farming practices. To achieve this, our communication efforts must highlight the link between the changes in behaviours and practices that we want to achieve in our target audiences and their own value systems. Messages should therefore be targeted and tailored to specific audiences, after listening to and understanding their needs. Additionally, for these communication efforts to be effective and sustainable over the long term, it is vital that policy-makers provide the conditions that make it possible to facilitate change, through national programmes that encourage such change and through legislation.

Countries and stakeholders are encouraged to use and disseminate the tools of the 'ASF Kills Pigs' campaign

To support countries in driving these changes, the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) has developed an awareness campaign that targets different actors involved in the spread of the disease. Hunters, small pig farmers and large commercial pig producers, as well as travellers and the transport industry, are called upon to play an active role in preventing this deadly pig disease and to avoid becoming carriers. Countries and stakeholders are encouraged to use and disseminate the [tools of the 'ASF Kills Pigs' campaign](#) to promote the precautions necessary to protect both pigs and the farming economy as a whole.



'ASF Kills Pigs' awareness campaign displayed at a Customs station in Laos. Photo provided by the Veterinary Services of Laos

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[OIE portal on African swine fever](#)

PERSPECTIVES

► OIE ACTIONS

Risk communication: a key element in the response to ASF

KEYWORDS

#African swine fever (ASF), #communication, #risk, #World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).

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**ASF
kills
pigs**

African swine fever (ASF) is not a danger to humans but kills domestic and wild pigs. There is no vaccine against it.

AFRICAN SWINE FEVER

Don't be the carrier of a deadly pig disease



The OIE is an international organisation created in 1924 with a mandate from its 182 Members to improve animal health and welfare. Its activities are permanently supported by 325 centres of scientific expertise and 12 regional offices with a presence on every continent.



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