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The <u>African Development Bank</u>'s public–private partnership (PPP) mechanism for the 2006–2016 period, with a portfolio of 39 projects totalling US\$ 2.4 billion, places strong emphasis on infrastructure and PPPs as tools for intervention to overcome the bottlenecks that have hampered developing countries and their ability to attract direct foreign investments.

The Bank's Private Sector Development Strategy and its subsequent updates introduced PPPs as intervention tools for the bank's operations.

In 2005, the African Development Bank's <u>New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD)</u> established a special fund, in collaboration with international donors, to assist African countries. This fund, known as the <u>Infrastructure</u> Project Preparation Facility, offered another stimulus for PPPs in Africa.

The bank's governance strategy and action plan have always stressed the importance of strengthening PPP policy, legislation and regulatory frameworks to aid in developing livestock infrastructure in Africa (e.g. dip tanks, crush pens, vaccination crushes, feeding and drinking troughs, veterinary laboratories, etc.).



Some photographs from the African Development Bank-funded Livestock Infrastructure Support Programme (LISP) in Zambia. Left: a vaccination crush in Nakonde; right: a feeding and drinking trough in Kasama.

# AROUND THE WORLD



# Achieving the Sustainable Development Goals

#### Effectiveness of the African Development Bank's public-private partnership interventions

#### **KEYWORDS**

#African Development Bank (AfDB), #infrastructure, #public-private partnership, #Sustainable Development Goal (SDG).

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