Emergency preparedness

When an animal health or welfare emergency occurs, the effectiveness of the response depends on the level of preparedness of the Veterinary Authority and relevant stakeholders. The World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH, founded as OIE) develops international standards and guidelines for emergency preparedness, including contingency plans and simulation exercises. Through its Annual Report, the **Observatory** intends to assess the uptake of these standards.

The use of contingency plans varies across regions

of Members have a contingency plan for at least one disease

contingency were reported in 2018, with some regional

variations



The reporting of simulation exercises is not yet a widespread practice

Only

More than

of Members reported having conducted a simulation exercise

Source: WOAH simulation exercise dataset, 2002-2021

simulation exercises were reported between 2002 and 2021

34 of them were conducted in **Europe and the Americas.**

of contingency plans and simulation exercises relate to terrestrial animal diseases, mainly avian influenza, foot and mouth disease and African swine fever.

Emergency preparedness activities undertaken by Members could be improved

Not all Members with contingency plans conduct simulation exercises

Source: WOAH review, 2018

of the Members with a contingency plan have conducted a recent simulation exercise

African swine fever (ASF) Classical swine fever (CSF)

of the Members with a contingency plan a recent simulation exercise

Case studies contingency plan or reporting simulation exercises

active self-declaration

Disease-free status is not associated with having a

of the Members with an

of ASF freedom have a contingency plan and conducted a recent simulation

African swine fever (ASF) Classical swine fever (CSF)

of the Members with an official contingency plan and conducted a recent simulation exercise

Members' capacity regarding emergency preparedness is limited

Based on recent Performance of Veterinary Services (PVS) Pathway missions, the percentage of Members which reached or exceeded the minimal capacity is as follows:

Emergency funding

Emergency response

+ Emergency funding Emergency response



Recommendations



World Organisation for Animal Health

- Raise awareness on the importance of emergency preparedness.
- Offer dedicated capacity building activities.
- Monitor Members' progress with Critical Competencies over time as an indicator of the impact of WOAH's support.

Members

- Identify and invest resources to better prepare for animal health emergencies.
- Conduct regular simulation exercises, following the principles developed in WOAH Guidelines for Simulation Exercises.
- Report simulation exercises to WOAH to increase their visibility.

Access the full information here

Please consider the data limitations outlined in the full Annual Report when consulting this document.

